PREGNANCY AFTER DIAGNOSED ENDOMETRIAL CARCINOMA-CASE REPORT

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Subject: A case of a young patient who was diagnosed with endometrial carcinoma after close monitoring, spontaneous pregnancy and childbirth occurred.

Case report: The patient (31) gravida 2 para 1, underwent instrumental revision of uterine cavity for missed abortion diagnosed at the 8th week of pregnancy. HP curettage specimens finding was adenocarcinoma endometrii G1 NG2. First expert opinion was to perform a hysterectomy. Second opinion was to do the expertise of HP findings and another explorative curettage. By the expertise of HP findings the patient was diagnosed with complex hyperplasia with atypical endometrial elements without invasive malignant process. Immediately thereafter, a curettage was conducted, and HP findings did not show pathological changes of endometrium. All relevant clinical laboratory and ultrasound parameters were monitored. Spontaneous pregnancy occurred 18 months after the first intervention. Pregnancy and childbirth were held regularly. 11 months after birth, with the proper professional monitoring, patient revealed no signs of primary malignancy.

Conclusion: In cases of young women diagnosed with malignant disease of the uterus is always necessary to use all possible confirmatory diagnostic procedures in order to avoid disruption of reproductive health.