Objectives: To highlight the association between Behçet disease Frosted branch angiitis and neuroretinitis in a young male from Middle-east.

Design: A case report.

Methods: Standardized refraction, color fundus photographs, fluorescein angiography, magnetic resonance imaging and relevant laboratory investigations were done.

RESULTS: Based on history, clinical features and fluorescein angiography findings, diagnosis of Frosted branch angiitis with neuroretinitis secondary to Behçet disease was made. MRI further supported the diagnosis. The patient was given three days course of intravenous methylprednisone (1gm daily) and was put on disease modifying anti-rheumatic drugs, colchicine 0.5mg daily and silymarin 75mg twice daily. Two weeks later, his clinical picture showed dramatic improvement in inflammation of the disc, vessels and reduction of macular exudates.

Conclusions: Bilateral Frosted branch angiitis with neuroretinitis, occurring two years apart has not been reported in Behçet disease.