Both national and international researches revealed that RTIs prevalence exceeded 50%. Though provision of RTIs services is a basic component in the family health model's basic benefits package. Although, 85% of the health delivery outlets claimed to provide RTIs/STDs, and out of which only 15% has standardized guidelines on RTIs service delivery and the majority of health providers lack the proper training on detection and management of RTI.

Because of Family planning is often a woman's primary, and sometimes sole, contact with the health care system; thus, it is important that these services offer the convenience of "one-stop shopping" and RTI could be a cause of increase of discontinuation rate of contraception use, which is one of the main causes of unwanted pregnancy, and unsafe abortion. Population and Family Planning Sector, therefore, launched a pilot intervention in Al-Montazah health district, Alexandria, to incorporate RTIs screening and treatment services into FP services. Data for the evaluation were collected from the participated six units (4 units in the intervention group versus 2 units in the control group) through observations of provider–client interactions (463 at baseline and 459 at endline) and a health facility assessment at each facility. Overall, the results showed that integration of activities to integrate the service of RTIs management into FP services is feasible, acceptable to clients and providers, and effective in improving the range and quality of services offered to clients.